

Summary Consolidated Financial Results for the First Half ended September 30, 2005

Note: This document has been prepared as a guide to non-Japanese investors and contains forward-looking statements that are based on managements' estimates, assumptions and projections at the time of publication. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from expectations. This document is a translation of the Japanese language original. All numbers are rounded down to the nearest unit in accordance with standard Japanese practice.

Kobayashi Pharmaceutical, Co., Ltd. (4967)

Exchange Listed: Osaka and Tokyo, First Section

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Date of the Board of Directors' meeting to

approve financial statements:

November 14, 2005

U.S. (GAAP) accounting standard: Not adopted for the purposes of these statements.

I. Consolidated Financial Results (April 1, 2005 – September 30, 2005)

(1) Consolidated Operating Results

| | Millions of Yen - Except Per Share Data and Percents | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------|---------|-------|---------|--|--|
| | First | Year ended March 31, | | | | | |
| | 2005 | % | 2004 | % | 2005 | | |
| Net Sales | 125,076 | 13.8 | 109,907 | 1.4 | 215,708 | | |
| Operating Income | 8,664 | 10.7 | 7,824 | (0.2) | 15,698 | | |
| Ordinary Income | 7,978 | 13.2 | 7,046 | 0.5 | 14,159 | | |
| Net Income | 3,558 | (4.7) | 3,732 | 11.2 | 6,730 | | |
| Net Income per Share (yen) | 85.49 | | 89.66 | | 160.64 | | |
| Net Income per Share, diluted (yen) | 85.48 | | _ | | _ | | |

Notes:

- 1) Equity in earnings of affiliates and non-consolidated subsidiaries:
 - First half ended September 30, 2005: 191 million yen First half ended September 30, 2004: 140 million yen Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005: 391 million yen
- 2) Average number of shares outstanding during the period (consolidated):

First half ended September 30, 2005: 41,620,617 Shares First half ended September 30, 2004: 41,623,572 Shares Fiscal year ended March 31, 2005: 41,622,832 Shares

3) Changes in accounting policies:

None 4) Percentages for operating revenues, operating income, ordinary income and net income represent changes compared with the previous interim period.

5) Since there are no potential stocks that have the diluting effect on the net income per share, there is no such information included in first half ended September 2004, and full year ended March 2005.

(2) Consolidated Financial Position

| | • | Millions of Yen - Except Per Share Data and Ratios | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| As of Ser | otember 30, | As of March 31, | | | | |
| 2005 | 2004 | 2005 | | | | |
| 154,453 | 135,079 | 134,629 | | | | |
| 63,065 | 56,740 | 60,116 | | | | |
| 40.8% 42.0% | | 44.7% | | | | |
| 1,515.24 | 1,363.21 | 1,443.30 | | | | |
| | 2005 154,453 63,065 40.8% | 154,453 135,079 63,065 56,740 40.8% 42.0% | | | | |

(3) Consolidated Cash Flows

| | Millions of Yen | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|---------|--|--|--|
| | As of Sept | As of March 31, | | | | |
| | 2005 | 2004 | 2005 | | | |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities | 1,127 | 798 | 8,364 | | | |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities | (4,882) | (1,664) | (3,936) | | | |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities | 3,339 | (1,590) | (3,369) | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year | 18,645 | 15,386 | 19,035 | | | |

(4) Scope of Consolidation and Equity Method:

| Number of consolidated subsidiaries: | 26 |
|---|----|
| Number of non-consolidated subsidiaries accounted for by the equity method: | 0 |
| Number of affiliated companies accounted for by the equity method: | 2 |
| | |

(5) Changes in Scope of Consolidation and Equity Method:

| Number of consolidated subsidiaries: | (Newly consolidated) | 4 |
|---|---------------------------------|---|
| | (Excluded) | 0 |
| Number of companies for which equity method | od accounting has been adopted: | |
| | (Newly included) | 1 |
| | (Excluded) | 0 |

II. Projections for the Year Ending March 31, 2006 (April 1, 2005 – March 31, 2006)

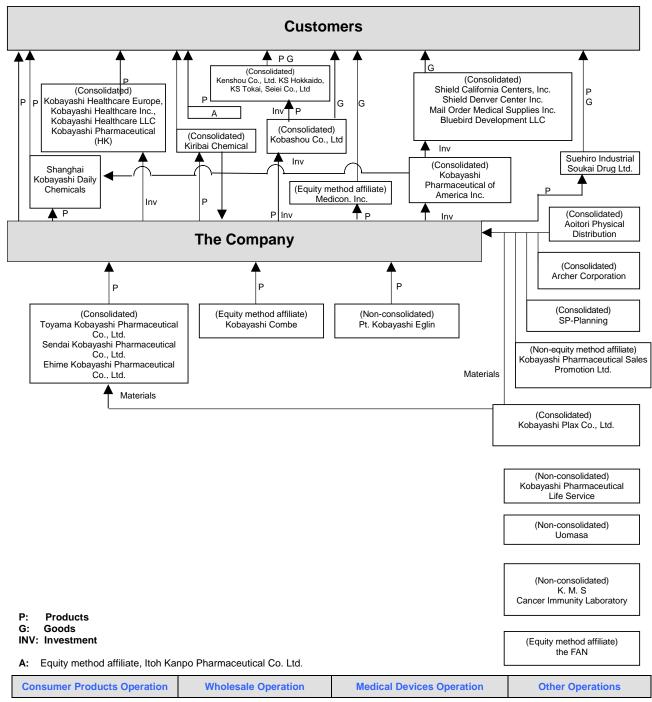
| Consolidated | Millions of Yen | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Consolidated | Full Year | | | |
| Net Sales | 250,000 | | | |
| Ordinary Income | 14,900 | | | |
| Net Income | 7,100 | | | |
| Net Income per Share (yen) | 169.52 | | | |

II. Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Group Operation

(1) Kobayashi Group Overview
The Kobayashi Group consists of Kobayashi Pharmaceutical, Co., Ltd. 31 subsidiaries and 4 affiliates. Its operations are Consumer Products Óperation, Wholesale Operation, Medical Devices Operation, and Other Operation. The relationship between the Company and its affiliated companies with regards to these businesses and segments are specified in the following chart:

| Products | Type | Main companies |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| | Pharmaceuticals | Kobayashi Pharmaceutical, Co., Ltd. Toyama Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. Sendai Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd. Kobayashi Combe |
| | Oral hygiene products | Kobayashi Pharmaceutical, Co., Ltd. Toyama Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. Sendai Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd. Kobayashi Plax Co., Ltd. |
| Consumer Product Operation | Deodorizing air fresheners | Kobayashi Pharmaceutical, Co., Ltd. Toyama Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. Sendai Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd. Shanghai Kobayashi Daily Chemicals Co., Ltd. Kobayashi Pharmaceutical (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. |
| Ореганоп | Household sundries | Kobayashi Pharmaceutical, Co., Ltd. Toyama Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. Ehime Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. Sendai Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd. Kiribai Chemical Co. Ltd. Itoh Kanpo Pharmacutocal Co., Ltd Kobayashi Healthcare Incorporated. Kobayashi Healthcare LLC. Kobayashi Healthcare Europe, Ltd. Shanghai Kobayashi Daily Chemicals Co., Ltd. Kobayashi Pharmaceutical (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. |
| Wholesale | Pharmaceuticals | Kenshou Co., Ltd. Kobashou Co., Ltd. Seiei KS Hokkaido KS Tokai |
| Operation | Household sundries, and foods | Kenshou Co., Ltd. Kobashou Co., Ltd. Seiei KS Hokkaido KS Tokai |
| | Importing and Sale of medical devices | Kobayashi Pharmaceutical, Co., Ltd. Medicon, Inc. |
| | Production and sale of medical devices | Toyama Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. Pt. Kobayashi Eglin Shanghai Kobayashi Daily Chemicals Co., Ltd. |
| Medical Devices Operation | Integration of US affiliated company | Kobayashi Pharmaceuticals of America Incorporated |
| Operation | Sale of home-use medical devices | Shield California Centers, Inc. Shield Denver Centers, Inc. |
| | Mail-order business for home-use medical devices | Mail Order Medical Supplies Incorporated. |
| | Medical Business Research | Bluebird Development LLC. |
| | Transport | Aoitori Physical Distribution |
| | Manufacturing and sales of plastic containers | Kobayashi Plax Co., Ltd. |
| | Insurance agency | Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Life Service Co., Ltd. |
| Other Operations | Advertising, planning and creation | Archer Corporation |
| Operations | Displays and model production | SP-Planning |
| | Pharmaceutical products and daily goods, marketing and sales promotional activities | Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Sales Promotion of Ltd. Archer Corporation |
| | Retail, food business, and Information services | Soukai Drug Ltd. Suehiro Industiral Other 4 companies |

(2) Kobayashi Group Business Flow



(3) Kobayashi Group Relationships

| Company Name | Address | Capital (Million Yen) | Business Contents | Voting rights ownership ratio | Con- current Officers | Fund support | Business relationship | Lease of Facilities | Business Corporation |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Toyama Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. | Toyama | 100 | Pharmaceuticals and other manufacturing | 100.0 | - | Yes | Manufacturing of the Company's products | Leases of land, buildings, & facilities | - |
| Sendai Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd. | Sendai | 200 | Pharmaceuticals and other manufacturing | 100.0 | - | Yes | Manufacturing of the Company's products | Leases of land, buildings, & facilities | - |
| Ehime Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. | Ehime | 77 | Hygienic and paper goods manufacturing | 100.0 | - | Yes | Manufacturing of the Company's products | - | - |
| Kiribai Chemical Co., Ltd. | Osaka | 49 | Manufacturing sales of heating pad | 100.0 | Yes | - | - | - | - |
| Kobayashi Plax Co., Ltd. | Toyama | 95 | Synthetic resin products manufacturing | 100.0 | - | Yes | Manufacturing of the Company's products, & materials | - | - |
| Kobashou Co., Ltd. | Tokyo | 4,297 | Pharmaceutical products wholesaling | 92.8 | Yes | - | Sale of the Company's products | Leases of land & buildings | - |
| Kenshou Co., Ltd. | Tokyo | 465 | Pharmaceutical products wholesaling | 40.9 | - | - | Sale of the Company's products | - | - |
| KS Hokkaido | Sapporo | 10 | Pharmaceutical products wholesaling | 74.2 (74.2) | - | - | Sale of the Company's products | - | |
| KS Tokai | Nagoya | 10 | Pharmaceutical products wholesaling | 74.2 (74.2) | - | - | Sale of the Company's products | - | |
| Seiei | Kagawa | 300 | Pharmaceutical products wholesaling | 74.2 (74.2) | - | - | Sale of the Company's products | - | |
| Aoitori Physical Distribution | Osaka | 99 | Transport | 92.8 | Yes | - | Transport and storage of the Company's products | Leases of buildings & facilities | - |
| Archer Corporation | Tokyo | 10 | Advertising, planning and creation | 100.0 | Yes | - | Advertising, planning and Marketing | - | - |
| SP-Planning | Osaka | 10 | Displays and model production | 100.0 | Yes | - | Production of the Company's SP tools | Leases of buildings | - |
| Suehiro Industrial | Osaka | 15 | Retail sales of daily necessaries etc. | 100.0 | Yes | Yes | Sale of the Company's products | Leases of buildings | - |
| Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Life Service Co., Ltd. | Osaka | 10 | Insurance agency and real estate management | 100.0 | Yes | - | Real estate management | Leases of buildings | |
| Kobayashi Pharmaceuticals of America Incorporated | California USA | US\$ 1 | Kobayashi Group U.S. Management | 100.0 | Yes | Yes | - | - | - |
| Shield California Centers, Inc. | California USA | US\$ 20,000 | Home healthcare and medical device marketing | 100.0 | Yes | - | - | - | - |
| Shield Denver Centers, Inc. | Colorado USA | US\$ 1,000 | Home healthcare and medical device marketing | 100.0 | Yes | - | - | - | - |
| Mail Order Medical Supplies Inc. | California USA | US\$ 10,000 | Home healthcare and medical devices catalog sales | 100.0 | Yes | - | - | - | - |
| Bluebird Development LLC. | California USA | US\$ 4,601,00 9 | Medical business research | 99.0 | Yes | - | Marketing of the Company's products | - | - |
| Kobayashi Healthcare, Inc. | Pennsylvania USA | US\$ 10,000 | Daily goods sales | 100.0 | - | - | Sales of the company's products | - | - |
| Kobayashi Healthcare LLC | USA | US\$ 10,000 | Daily goods sales | 100.0 (100.0) | - | - | Sales of the company's products | - | - |
| Kobayashi Healthcare Europe, Ltd. | London UK | £ 6,999 | Daily goods sales | 100.0 | - | - | Sales of the company's products | - | - |
| Shanghai Kobayashi Daily Chemicals Co., Ltd. | Shanghai | RMB 76,537,998 | Daily goods manufacturing and sales | 100.0 | Yes | - | Manufacturing and sales of the Company's products | | |
| Kobayashi Pharmaceutical (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd | Hong Kong | HK\$1,570,000 | Daily goods sales | 100.0 | Yes | - | Manufacturing and sales of the Company's products | | |

| Company Name | Address | Capital (Million Yen) | Business Contents | Voting rights ownership ratio | Con- current Officers | Fund support | Business relationship | Lease of Facilities | Business Corporation |
|--|---------|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Kobayashi Combe | Osaka | 40 | Pharmaceutical import and marketing | 100.0 | Yes | Yes | Importing of the company's products | - | 1 |
| Medicon, Inc. | Osaka | 160 | Medical equipment and device import and marketing | 50.0 | Yes | 1 | Sales of the company's products | - | 1 |
| Itoh Kanpo Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd. | Osaka | 2,085 | Daily goods sales | 33.4 | Yes | - | - | - | |

Notes:

- Special subsidiary companies are Kobashou Co., Ltd., Kenshou Co. Ltd., Bluebird Development LLC. and Shanghai Kobayashi Daily Chemicals Co., Ltd. None of the companies listed above issue a securities report.
- Figures in the "voting rights/ownership ratio" column include indirect ownership ratios.

III. Management Policy

1. Basic Management Policy

Kobayashi Group's management policy is to provide people and society with wonderful "comfort" as a result of our quest for the new through creativity and innovation. It is our mission to provide all our stakeholders with a "healthy," "comfortable," and "convenient" experience, that is, to "give a shape to desires." In an era of accelerating change and intensifying competition, the driving force for our growth is our unceasing pursuit of "Something New, Something Different," and our development of new products and services that satisfy customer needs. By doing so, we intend to increase the enterprise value so as to deliver greater satisfaction to all our stakeholders.

2. Basic Policy on Profit Distribution

Our company regards the recovery of earnings for our shareholders as one of our most important management policies, and will continue to focus on strengthening this area.

For this reason, we ensure that adequate internal reserves for high-growth-oriented business development and strengthening the corporate structure are preserved. At the same time, the Company intends to promote a dividend policy that will reflect consolidated results while maintaining a basic policy of providing stable dividend payments. Internal reserves will be utilized for M&A to grow the consumer products and the medical devices operations and for vigorous investment in expansion overseas.

The common dividend is expected to be 33.00 yen per share by the end of March 2006 (the dividend in March 2005 was 33.00 per share).

3. Policy on Reduction in the Minimum Trading Unit

We recognize that increasing share liquidity, broadening the investor base and increasing the number of shareholders are critical issues for the Company. To this end, the Company reduced the number of shares in a minimum trading unit from 1,000 to 100 shares in July 2000. Additionally, the Company executed a stock split at the rate of 1.5 for 1 on September 30, 2003, the record date. We will continue to consider measures to increase shareholder value, broaden the investor base and enhance share liquidity.

4. Targeted Management Indices

Kobayashi Pharmaceutical aims to achieve a return on assets of 12% and an equity ratio of 50%. The growth strategy for the Consumer Products Operation is based on vigorous development of new products. Our R&D targets are for sales of products commercialized in the last four year to account for at least 35% of total sales, and for new products released in any given fiscal year to account for at least 10% of total sales during that fiscal year. Moreover, with the aim of maximizing shareholder value, we have introduced a new management index, KOVA, that takes the efficiency of capital employed into account, and we will strive to increase KOVA over the long term. Note: KOVA is a management index unique to Kobayashi Pharmaceutical and is calculated by subtracting capital costs from operating income after taxes.

5. Medium- to Long-term Management Strategy

For Kobayashi Pharmaceutical to achieve sustainable growth, we need to address two tasks: strengthening of the product line-up of each operation to satisfy customer needs and expansion of geographical coverage.

More specifically, for the Consumer Products Operation and the Medical Devices Operation, we intend to strengthen the product line-up through vigorous development of new products, M&A and alliances and expand geographical coverage by entering new markets overseas. We have charted a new course for the Wholesale Operation in order to achieve continuing growth, in view of the increasingly drastic restructuring of the industry. Specifically, for the Wholesale Operation, we intend to pursue alliances with other wholesalers and M&A for the purpose of expanding the business in terms of both the range of products handled and geographical coverage.

We aim to achieve annual sales of at least 300 billion yen as soon as possible. Also, in line with our focus on the cost of capital, we will review businesses that yield low returns and vigorously invest in growth businesses offering high returns so as to realize a continuous increase in KOVA.

6. Issues to Be Addressed

Adhering to our management policy of "Creativity and Innovation," it is our mission to constantly innovate so as to maintain high growth and to establish a robust foundation for the business. To this end, it is crucial for us to bring our new product development capability, which is our core competence, into full play, vigorously promote alliances and mergers that will strengthen the competitiveness of our operations and enhance profitability, and achieve an efficient and robust financial position. Moreover, we intend to develop our business overseas vigorously, reaching out from the domestic market. Since Kobayashi Pharmaceutical provides products and services that are associated with people's health and lives, we will also strive to realize more thorough quality control.

7. Basic Stance on Corporate Governance and Implementation of Measures

Kobayashi Pharmaceutical places enhancement of shareholder value at the heart of its efforts to maximize enterprise value, which is a key objective of management. Accordingly, management is endeavoring to swiftly disclose accurate information and achieve transparency.

The reshaping of management organizations, implemented upon resolution of the general meeting of shareholders held in June 2000, included optimization of the number of directors (seven as of June 2000, six at present) and introduction of the executive officer system (13 officers of whom seven were also directors as of June 2000, 13 of whom five are also directors at present) and the in-house company system. Further, the Company created a system that would further vitalize the board of directors, facilitate quick decision-making, and strengthen functions for the execution of operations.

In April 2004 the Company brought the Manufacturing and Sales Operation Headquarters, Wholesale Operation Headquarters, and Medical Devices Operations Headquarters into a consolidated group headquarters, where executive officers supervise the execution of operations under the CEO and COO. On the other hand, the board of directors, which appoints the CEO as its chairman, bears the supervisory function of management. The board of directors meets monthly and also holds extraordinary meetings as necessary, in order to make decisions on issues stipulated by laws and regulations and critical management issues and supervise the execution of operations sequentially.

At present, the Company has not appointed any non-executive directors because executive directors who have a better a better understanding of the Company's management philosophy and are able to put it into practice are making decisions, and the Company is enhancing its auditor system. Of the four auditors, two are external auditors with whom the Company has neither capital nor business relationships. Furthermore, an internal audit section coordinates with the auditors and strives to improve effectiveness in such areas as the auditing of executive functions.

Shin Nihon & Co., the Company's accountant auditor, shares information that will lead to improvement in operations through forums such as the regular meetings that are held every month. The Company receives advice on management and daily operations from legal counsel and other specialists that is reflected in the decision-making process.

The Compliance Committee was set up in April 2003 with the aim of implementing and reinforcing the principle of legal compliance in the Company's activities. In September 2003, the Company established "Basic Guidelines on Corporate Behavior" and "Standards for the Behavior of Executive Officers and Employees." Going forward, we plan to actively develop these basic guidelines and behavioral standards on a company-wide basis. Further, in January 2003 we set up the "Employee Consultation Department" as a point of contact for employees, and we are also working to collect and act on information at an early stage.

The Company also fosters a positive environment in which anyone can feel free to voice an opinion, including the freedom to actively speak their minds directly to management. We believe that maintaining and developing such Company traditions are effective measures for assuring corporate governance.

8. Issues regarding a Parent Company Not applicable

IV. Business Results and Financial Position Business Results

(1) Overview of First Half (ended September 30, 2005)

(Millions of Yen)

| | | | | | (| 10 01 1 011, |
|------------------|---------|---|---------|---|--------|--------------|
| | , | First Half, ended September 30, 2005 | | First Half, ended September 30, 2004 | | je |
| | Amount | % | Amount | | Amount | % |
| Net Sales | 125,076 | 100.0 | 109,907 | 100.0 | 15,169 | 13.8 |
| Operating Income | 8,664 | 6.9 | 7,824 | 7.1 | 840 | 10.7 |
| Ordinary Income | 7,978 | 6.4 | 7,046 | 6.4 | 932 | 13.2 |
| Net Income | 3,558 | 2.8 | 3,732 | 3.4 | (173) | (4.7) |

During the interim period under review, Japan's economy saw loose signs of recovery and appeared to be breaking out of its stagnation as evidenced by rising investments in plants and equipment against a backdrop of improved corporate earnings and by improvements in personal consumption.

In these conditions, Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Group fully unleashed the spirit expressed by its management policy of "Creativity and Innovation." We cultivated latent customer needs by introducing new products and services to cultivate new markets while invigorating existing markets by offering products and services with new added value. At the same time, vigorous promotion of brand item buyouts, business partnerships, and overseas development resulted in sales of 125,076 million yen, an increase of 15,169 million yen, or 13.8%, over the previous interim period.

In terms of profits, the Company cut costs by thoroughly reducing manufacturing costs, employing more efficient and effective sales promotions, and other measures, leading to an operating income of 8,664 million yen, an increase of 840 million yen, or 10.7%, compared to the previous interim period. Ordinary income also rose to 7,978 million yen, an increase of 932 million yen, or 13.2%, over the previous interim period owing to good performance at our equity-method affiliate Medicon Inc. Impairment losses of land added up to 1,632 million yen, resulting in a net income of 3,558 million yen, a decrease of 173 million yen, or 4.7%, from the previous interim period.

(2) Segment Analysis

The following is a summary of performance by business segment during this interim period.

Consumer Products Operation

This spring, Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Group launched seven new products (excluding nutritional supplement food products) in an effort to create new markets and expand existing markets in this business segment. In addition to favorable sales of *Shoshu Gen*, a major brand of aromatic deodorizer, and *Keshimin Cream*, which went on the market last spring, we further expanded our product line of nutritional supplement food products sold through our mail order and drug store channels. These additions helped to spur sales growth. Moreover, the acquisition of sole distributorship of the female menopausal relief supplement *Inochi-no-Haha A* from Sasaoka Yakuhin Corp. contributed significantly to sales growth. As a result, sales amounted to 45,863 million yen, an increase of 2,030 million yen, or 4.6%, compared to the previous interim period.

In terms of profits, operating income was 8,097 million yen, an increase of 1,054 million yen, or 15.0%, over the previous interim period owing to a high profit ratio from a boost in sales of brand name items and an overall overhead reduction resulting from a decrease in manufacturing costs.

| Sales by Category | | | | | (Million | s of Yen) |
|----------------------------|--------|---|--------|---|----------|-----------|
| | , | First Half, ended September 30, 2005 | | First Half, ended September 30, 2004 | | е |
| | Amount | % | Amount | | Amount | % |
| Pharmaceuticals | 7,961 | 17.4 | 7,787 | 17.8 | 174 | 2.2 |
| Oral hygiene products | 5,458 | 11.9 | 5,329 | 12.2 | 129 | 2.4 |
| Sanitary products | 7,022 | 15.3 | 6,234 | 14.2 | 788 | 12.6 |
| Deodorizing air fresheners | 15,346 | 33.5 | 15,318 | 34.9 | 28 | 0.2 |
| Household sundries | 2,350 | 5.1 | 2,494 | 5.7 | (144) | (5.8) |
| Food products | 5,762 | 12.6 | 5,410 | 12.3 | 352 | 6.5 |
| Body warmers | 1,964 | 4.3 | 1,261 | 2.9 | 703 | 55.7 |
| Total | 45,863 | 100.0 | 43,833 | 100.0 | 2,030 | 4.6 |

Note: Segment sales include internal sales and transfers among segments; the value of these totaled 11,132 million yen in the previous interim period in 2004 and 13,432 million yen in this interim period.

Wholesale Operation

With the acquisition of the over-the-counter medication business from Suzuken Co., Ltd. on April 1st, sales in this business segment amounted to 82,485 million yen, an increase of 15,103 million yen, or 22.4%, compared with the previous interim period.

With regard to profits, while there were improvements in the profit ratio resulting from bulk purchases of products from manufacturers capitalizing on economies of scale, the combined effects of inheriting this business have not yet been reflected fully in the business results, and operating income decreased to 207 million yen, a drop of 114 million yen, or 35.5%, over the previous interim period.

On September 29th, 2005, our subsidiary Kobashou Inc. acquired 100% of the stock of Seiei Co., Ltd.

| Sales by Category | | | | | | (Million | s of Yen) |
|-------------------|---------------|---|-------|---|-------|----------|-----------|
| | | First Half, ended September 30, 2005 | | First Half, ended September 30, 2004 | | Chang | je |
| | | Amount | % | Amount | | Amount | % |
| Drugs | Products | 5,087 | 6.2 | 4,397 | 6.5 | 690 | 15.7 |
| | Merchandising | 29,313 | 35.5 | 24,543 | 36.4 | 4,770 | 19.4 |
| Sanitary products | Products | 9,872 | 12.0 | 8,192 | 12.2 | 1,680 | 20.5 |
| | Merchandising | 38,213 | 46.3 | 30,250 | 44.9 | 7,963 | 26.3 |
| Total | | 82,485 | 100.0 | 67,383 | 100.0 | 15,103 | 22.4 |

Medical Devices Operation

In Japan, the Company endeavored to boost its product line by entering into such specialized segments as orthopedics, surgery, neurosurgery, and otolaryngology. In particular, we concentrated operations and enhanced our product lineup in the field of orthopedics.

Overseas, our three Shield Health Centers increased their numbers of customers through the purchase of customer lists, but the development of this segment this interim period was affected by changes in the California state insurance system.

As a result, sales amounted to 8,052 million yen, an increase of 120 million yen, or 1.5% over the previous interim period, and operating income fell to 68 million yen, a decrease of 183 million yen, or 72.9%, compared to that of the previous interim period.

Equity in earnings at the equity-method affiliate Medicon Inc. amounted to 191 million yen, an increase of 58 million yen, or 43.6%, over the previous interim period.

| Sales by Category | | | | | (Millior | ns of Yen) |
|---|---|-------|--------|-------|----------|------------|
| | First Half, ended September 30, 2005 | | | | Chanç | ge |
| | Amount | % | Amount | | Amount | % |
| Kobayashi Medical Division | 3,529 | 43.8 | 3,209 | 40.4 | 320 | 10.0 |
| Shield Healthcare Centers (3 companies) | 4,079 | 50.7 | 4,091 | 51.6 | (12) | (0.3) |
| Others | 444 | 5.5 | 632 | 8.0 | (188) | (29.7) |
| Total | 8,052 | 100.0 | 7,932 | 100.0 | 120 | 1.5 |

Other Operations

Other operations such as Transportation, Sales Promotion, and Market Research are conducted in support of the three businesses listed above and contribute to the profits of those businesses, although each is intended to be self-supporting. The Group reviewed the transfer values of the materials and services these subsidiaries provide.

As a result, sales totaled 6,658 million yen, an increase of 492 million yen, or 8.0% over the previous interim period, and operating income rose to 276 million yen, an increase of 181 million yen, or 190.5%, over the previous interim period. Segment sales include internal sales and transfers among segments; the value of these amounted to 4,276 million yen in the previous interim period and 4,550 million yen in the current interim period.

(3) Forecasts for Fiscal Year 2005 (ended March 31, 2006)

| | • | , | • | | (Million | s of Yen) |
|----------------------------|-----------|---|---------|---|----------|-----------|
| | March 31, | FY2005, ended March 31, 2006 (Forecast) | | FY2004, ended March 31, 2005 Cha (Actual) | | je |
| | Amount | % | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| Net Sales | 250,000 | 100.0 | 215,708 | 100.0 | 34,292 | 15.9 |
| Operating Income | 16,500 | 6.6 | 15,698 | 7.3 | 802 | 5.1 |
| Ordinary Income | 14,900 | 6.0 | 14,159 | 6.6 | 741 | 5.2 |
| Net Income | 7,100 | 2.8 | 6,730 | 3.1 | 370 | 5.5 |
| Net Income per share (yen) | | | | | | |

Although loose signs of recovery have fueled expectations of a turnaround in the Japanese economy, the effects of personal consumption on rising crude oil prices, tax increases resulting from tax reform, and other variables continue to perpetuate uncertainty.

Under such conditions, to reinforce its competitiveness so that it is the leader in the fields in which it operates, Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Group will need to implement a strategy aimed at further bolstering existing business and existing brands that form the foundations of the group's management, and at the same time further expand the scope of business operations and carry out a strategy to promote growth.

For fiscal year 2005, the Company forecasts sales of 250,000 million yen, an increase of 34,292 million yen, or 15.9%, compared to fiscal year 2004. Due to further reductions in costs such as original costs, we forecast operating income of 16,500 million yen, an increase of 802 million yen, or 5.1%; ordinary income of 14,900 million yen, an increase of 741 million yen, or 5.2%; and net income of 7,100 million yen, an increase of 370 million yen, or 5.5%, compared with fiscal year 2004.

The dividend for this fiscal year is forecast to be 33.00 yen per share as an ordinary allotment.

Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Group's earnings forecasts for its main business segments are as follows.

Consumer Products Operation

In the fall 2005 we launched seven new products that will fulfill the latent needs of customers. These include *Eyebon Trolly Megusuri Dry Eye*, eye drops that can be applied to the corneas while wearing contact lenses; *Hippa Wrinkle*, facial pads equipped with a device to smooth out "crow's eye" wrinkles around the eyes; *Mukumi Cure*, socks that massage the lymph nodes to relieve swollen feet; and *Liquid Bluelet Oku Dake W Liquid*, a toilet bowl cleanser consisting of two exclusive liquids combining powerful cleansing action with a high-quality scent. The acquisition of *Inochi-no-Haha A* and *Ashi no Hienai Fushigi na Kutsushita* leg-warming socks also contributed to sales. As a result of these efforts, we estimate that sales of the Consumer Products Operation will increase 3,727 million yen, or 4.2%, compared with fiscal year 2004, to 93,000 million yen. We estimate that cuts in costs such as original costs and increasing efficiency in the Manufacturing Division at our tie-up Itoh Kampo Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. will lead to 15,200 million yen in operating income, an increase of 708 million yen, or 4.9%, over the previous interim period.

| | | | (Millic | ons of Yen) |
|------------------|---|---|---------|-------------|
| | FY2005, ended March 31, 2006 (Forecast) | FY2004, ended March 31, 2005 (Actual) | Chang | je |
| | Amount | Amount | Amount | % |
| Net sales | 93,000 | 89,273 | 3,727 | 4.2 |
| Operating Income | 15,200 | 14,492 | 708 | 4.9 |

Note: Segment sales include internal sales and transfers among segments; the value of these totaled 21,748 million yen in the previous interim period and 24,000 million yen in the current interim period.

Wholesale Operation

In addition to the expansion of geographical coverage for the increasingly wide-ranging operations of drug stores, a major customer segment, the Company will reinforce the differentiated health food product line, which is a growing market, and actively endeavor to develop new categories of products for the elderly. Accordingly, we estimate that sales will increase 32,644 million yen, or 25.4%, to 161,000 million yen, and operating income will fall 299 million yen, or 37.4%, to 500 million yen compared to fiscal year 2004.

| Operating Income | 500 | 799 | (299) | (37.4) |
|------------------|---|---|-----------|---------|
| Net sales | 161,000 | 128,356 | 32,644 | 25.4 |
| | Amount | Amount | Amount | % |
| | FY2005, ended March 31, 2006 (Forecast) | FY2004, ended March 31, 2005 (Actual) | Chan | ige |
| | | | (Millions | of Yen) |

Medical Devices Operation

The Kobayashi Medical Company will further expand product lines from overseas manufacturers in areas such as orthopedics and, at the same time, actively pursue the development of the company's own *Kobamed* brand of products. The three Shield Healthcare companies that operate in the US will strive to expand the number of customers by acquiring customer lists and thoroughly cutting business costs. The Company anticipates that these endeavors will raise sales of the Medical Devices Operation 944 million yen, or 5.9%, compared with fiscal year 2004, to 17,000 million yen, and operating income will increase 211 million yen, or 111.6%, compared with fiscal year 2004, to 400 million yen.

| | | | (Milli | ons of Yen) |
|------------------|---|---|--------|-------------|
| | FY2005, ended March 31, 2006 (Forecast) | FY2004, ended March 31, 2005 (Actual) | Chan | ge |
| | Amount | Amount | Amount | % |
| Net sales | 17,000 | 16,056 | 944 | 5.9 |
| Operating Income | 400 | 189 | 211 | 111.6 |

Financial Position

(1) Summary of Cash Flows in Fiscal 2005 (ending March 31, 2006)

| Consolidated Financial Position (Millions of | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--------|--|--|
| | First Half ended September 30, 2005 | First Half ended September 30, 2004 | Change | | |
| | Amount | Amount | Amount | | |
| Total Assets | 154,453 | 134,629 | 19,824 | | |
| Shareholders' equity | 63,065 | 60,116 | 2,949 | | |
| Equity ration (%) | 40.8% | 44.7% | (3.9%) | | |
| Shareholders' Equity per Share (yen) | 1,515.24 | 1,443.30 | 71.94 | | |

| (Consolidated Cash Flows) | | (Mill | ions of Yen) |
|---|--|--|--------------|
| | First Half ended September 30, 2005 | First Half ended September 30, 2004 | Change |
| | Amount | Amount | Amount |
| Cash flows from operating activities | 1,127 | 798 | 329 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | (4,882) | (1,664) | (3,218) |
| Free cash flow | (3,754) | (865) | (2,889) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | 3,339 | (1,590) | 4,929 |
| Term-end balance of cash and cash equivalents | 18,645 | 15,386 | 3,259 |

An analysis of the financial position for this interim period is as follows.

Although total assets increased 19,824 million yen compared with the end the previous fiscal year, the shareholders' equity ratio fell by 3.9 points due to the peaking of shareholders' equity at 2,788 million yen.

The greatest differences were an increase of 10,980 million yen in notes receivable and accounts receivable among circulating assets resulting from the formation of new parent-subsidiary consolidations, and an increase of 2,565 million yen in inventories. Similarly, notes payable and accounts payable among circulating assets increased by 10,189 million yen. Earned surplus also increased by 2,263 million yen.

Cash flows from operating activities

Net cash provided by total operating activities increased 329 million yen to 1,127 million yen compared to the previous interim period. This was primarily attributable to impairment losses without cash outlays, although net income before taxes and other adjustments fell 125 million yen.

Cash flows from investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities totaled 4,882 million yen, an increase of 3,218 million yen over the previous interim period. This was mainly due to the acquisition of investments in securities through capital tie-ups, the purchase of metallic molds for new product development, and other activities.

Cash flows from financing operations

Net cash resulting from financing operations totaled 3,339 million yen. This was mainly due to short-term borrowing and the receipt of investments in the subsidiary Kobashou, although dividend payments increased.

Accordingly, the term-end balance of cash and cash equivalents increased 3,259 million yen over the previous interim period to 18,645 million yen.

Note: The following formula was used to calculate free cash flow: Free cash flow = Cash flows from operating activities + cash flows from investing activities

(2) Fiscal Year 2005 Forecasts

The operating environment is severe, but we will strive to reduce inventories and accounts receivable so as to improve the KOVA (Kobayashi Value Added) management index, which takes the efficiency of capital into account.

Among cash flows from operating activities, net earnings before taxes are expected to increase over the previous fiscal year.

Regarding cash flows from investing activities, stable investments in plants and equipment are expected to average those of the previous fiscal year owing to stable investments in plants and equipment. Expenses are anticipated to increase over the previous year due to the acquisition this interim period of investments in securities through capital tie-ups.

Cash flow from financing activities is forecast to increase over the previous fiscal year resulting from short-term borrowing and the receipt of investments in our subsidiary Kobashou.

(3) Cash Flow Indicator Trends

| | As of Sept. 30, | As of March 31, | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|------|------|------|--|
| | 2005 | 2005 | 2004 | 2003 | 2002 | |
| Equity Ratio (%) | 40.8 | 44.7 | 42.4 | 39.2 | 36.8 | |
| Equity Ratio at Market Value Basis (%) | 103.5 | 90.5 | 91.8 | 82.9 | 99.7 | |
| Debt Repayment Period (years) | _ | 0.3 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 2.3 | |
| Interest Coverage Ratio (times) | _ | 96.7 | 90.5 | 87.9 | 20.0 | |

Notes:

- 1. Each index is calculated by relevant formulas with financial figures quoted from the consolidated balance sheet.
 - Equity Ratio = Shareholder's equity ÷ Total assets
 - Equity Ratio at market value basis = Total market value of listed shares ÷ Total assets
 - Liability Maturity = Interest-bearing debt ÷ Cash flows from operating activities (No information for the interim period)
 - Interest Coverage Ratio = Cash flows from operating activities ÷ interest payment (No information for the interim period)
- 2. Consolidated financial figures constitute the basis for calculating these indicators.
- 3. Market capitalization is calculated by multiplying a closing price of a share at the year-end by the number of shares issued after deduction of own shares at the year-end. Interest-bearing debt, liabilities accounted in the consolidated balance sheet, all debts that incur interest payment. "Interest payment" in the consolidated statement of cash flow is used.

V. Consolidated Financial Statements (April 1, 2005 – September 30, 2005)

1. Consolidated Balance Sheets

| | Millions of Yen | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------|----------|-------|------------|-------|
| | P | As of Septe | mber 30, | | As of Marc | h 31, |
| | 2005 | % | 2004 | % | 2005 | |
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and time deposits | 18,645 | | 15,386 | | 19,035 | |
| Trade notes and accounts receivable | 55,117 | | 48,874 | | 44,137 | |
| Investment securities | 1,002 | | 1,000 | | 1,000 | |
| Inventories | 18,348 | | 15,930 | | 15,783 | |
| Deferred income taxes | 2,473 | | 2,290 | | 2,417 | |
| Other current assets | 6,157 | | 4,822 | | 4,976 | |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (516) | | (507) | | (647) | |
| Total current assets | 101,228 | 65.5 | 87,797 | 65.0 | 86,704 | 64.4 |
| Fixed Assets: Tangible Fixed Assets: | | | | | | |
| Buildings and Structures | 11,630 | | 11,991 | | 12,234 | |
| Land | 8,487 | | 9,949 | | 9,928 | |
| Other | 2,859 | | 2,873 | | 2,840 | |
| Total Fixed Assets | 22,976 | 14.9 | 24,815 | 18.4 | 25,002 | 18.6 |
| Intangible Assets: | , | | , | | -, | |
| Goodwill | 1,116 | | 1,324 | | 1,148 | |
| Trademark | 1,492 | | 68 | | 1,423 | |
| Software | 960 | | 872 | | 910 | |
| Consolidation Adjustments account. | 2,945 | | 3,476 | | 3,099 | |
| Other | 294 | | 293 | | 294 | |
| Total Intangible Assets | 6,809 | 4.4 | 6,036 | 4.4 | 6,877 | 5.1 |
| Investments and Other Assets: | | | | | | |
| Investments in securities | 14,972 | | 8,763 | | 8,758 | |
| Deferred Tax Assets | 2,788 | | 2,572 | | 2,329 | |
| Other Assets | 7,505 | | 7,229 | | 6,900 | |
| Allowance for investment liability loss | (225) | | (91) | | (188) | |
| Allowance for doubtful receivables | (1,602) | | (2,044) | | (1,756) | |
| Total Investments and Other Assets | 23,438 | 15.2 | 16,429 | 12.2 | 16,044 | 11.9 |
| Total Fixed Assets | 53,225 | 34.5 | 47,281 | 35.0 | 47,924 | 35.6 |
| Total Assets | 154,453 | 100.0 | 135,079 | 100.0 | 134,629 | 100.0 |

| | Millions of Yen | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------|-----------|-------|-----------------|-------|
| Ī | | As of Septe | ember 30, | | As of March 31, | |
| Ī | 2005 | % | 2004 | % | 2005 | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Trade notes and accounts payable | 53,721 | | 45,943 | | 43,532 | |
| Short-term loans payable | 4,723 | | 3,885 | | 2,692 | |
| Accrued expenses | 10,586 | | 9,829 | | 10,321 | |
| Accrued income taxes | 4,329 | | 4,051 | | 3,790 | |
| Reserve for adjustment of returned goods | 2,145 | | 1,993 | | 1,879 | |
| Allowance for bonus payable | 429 | | 293 | | 499 | |
| Other current liabilities | 2,789 | | 2,524 | | 2,291 | |
| Total Current Liabilities | 78,726 | 51.0 | 68,520 | 50.7 | 65,007 | 48.3 |
| Fixed Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Long term loans payable | 308 | | 924 | | 341 | |
| Provision for retirement benefits | 6,980 | | 6,343 | | 6,474 | |
| Provision for allowances for directors and corporate auditors | 1,310 | | 1,204 | | 1,263 | |
| Other long-term liabilities | 908 | | 813 | | 880 | |
| Total Fixed Liabilities | 9,507 | 6.1 | 9,285 | 6.9 | 8,959 | 6.6 |
| Total Liabilities | 88,234 | 57.1 | 77,806 | 57.6 | 73,966 | 54.9 |
| Shareholders' Equity | | | | | | |
| Minority Interests | | | | | | |
| Minority interests | 3,153 | 2.1 | 532 | 0.4 | 546 | 0.4 |
| Shareholders' Equity | | | | | | |
| Common stock | 3,450 | 2.2 | 3,450 | 2.5 | 3,450 | 2.6 |
| Capital surplus | 4,185 | 2.7 | 4,183 | 3.1 | 4,183 | 3.1 |
| Earned Surplus | 56,009 | 36.3 | 50,514 | 37.4 | 53,585 | 39.8 |
| Net unrealized holding gains on securities | 2,246 | 1.4 | 1,618 | 1.2 | 1,851 | 1.4 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | (489) | (0.3) | (697) | (0.5) | (622) | (0.5) |
| Cost of treasury stock | (2,335) | (1.5) | (2,329) | (1.7) | (2,331) | (1.7) |
| Total Shareholders' Equity | 63,065 | 40.8 | 56,740 | 42.0 | 60,116 | 44.7 |
| Total Liabilities, Minority Interest and Shareholders' Equity | 154,453 | 100.0 | 135,079 | 100.0 | 134,629 | 100.0 |

2. Consolidated Income Statement

| <u> </u> | Millions of Yen | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|-------|---------|------------|---------|-------|
| _ | As of September 30, | | | As of Marc | h 31, | |
| | 2005 | % | 2004 | % | 2005 | % |
| Net Sales | 125,076 | 100.0 | 109,907 | 100.0 | 215,708 | 100.0 |
| Cost of sales | 85,672 | 68.5 | 73,891 | 67.2 | 143,912 | 66.7 |
| Gross profit | 39,404 | 31.5 | 36,015 | 32.8 | 71,795 | 33.3 |
| Selling, general, & administrativeexpenses | 30,739 | 24.6 | 28,191 | 25.7 | 56,096 | 26.0 |
| Operating Income | 8,664 | 6.9 | 7,824 | 7.1 | 15,698 | 7.3 |
| Other Income and Expenses | | | | | | |
| Other Income: | | | | | | |
| Interest received | 36 | | 37 | | 75 | |
| Dividends earned | 33 | | 23 | | 55 | |
| Loyalty received | 211 | | 167 | | 440 | |
| Investment income due to equity Method | 191 | | 140 | | 391 | |
| Loss on exchange (Loss from | 14 | | 38 | | 79 | |
| fluctuation of foreign exchange rate) | | | | | - | |
| Miscellaneous income | 381 | | 319 | | 663 | |
| Other Income | 869 | 0.7 | 726 | 0.6 | 1,705 | 0.8 |
| Other Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Interest expenses | 43 | | 46 | | 86 | |
| Sales discount | 510 | | 479 | | 1,027 | |
| Loss on disposal or write-offs of inventories | 868 | | 759 | | 1,835 | |
| Miscellaneous expenses | 132 | | 218 | | 296 | |
| Other Expenses | 1,555 | 1.2 | 1,504 | 1.3 | 3,245 | 1.5 |
| Ordinary Income | 7,978 | 6.4 | 7,046 | 6.4 | 14,159 | 6.6 |
| Extraordinary Gain and Loss: | | | | | | |
| Gains on sales of fixed assets | 46 | | 0 | | 6 | |
| Goodwill transfer benefit | 1,065 | | 735 | | 735 | |
| Other extraordinary gains | 3 | | 54 | | 105 | |
| Extraordinary Gains | 1,115 | 0.9 | 791 | 0.7 | 847 | 0.4 |
| Losses on sales and disposal of | <u> </u> | | | | 440 | |
| fixed assets | 70 | | 26 | | 118 | |
| Loss on disposal or write-offs of | 289 | | 532 | | 874 | |
| inventories | 200 | | 002 | | 074 | |
| Loss on liquidation of affiliated | _ | | _ | | 277 | |
| companies Allowance for investment loss | | | | | | |
| liability transfer | 91 | | 37 | | 188 | |
| Impairment losses | 1,632 | | _ | | _ | |
| Other extraordinary losses | 310 | | 308 | | 779 | |
| Extraordinary Losses | 2,340 | 1.9 | 958 | 0.8 | 2,237 | 1.1 |

| | Millions of Yen | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|------------|-------|-----------------|-------|--|
| _ | | As of Sep | tember 30, | | As of March 31, | | |
| | 2005 | % | 2004 | % | 2005 | % | |
| Income Before Income Taxes | 6,753 | 5.4 | 6,878 | 6.3 | 12,769 | 5.9 | |
| Corporate Income, Local and Business Taxes | 3,994 | 3.2 | 3,320 | 3.0 | 6,024 | 2.8 | |
| Adjustments to Income Taxes | (888) | (0.7) | (226) | (0.2) | (56) | (0.0) | |
| Minority Interest in Net Income of Consolidated Subsidiaries | 88 | 0.1 | 52 | 0.1 | 70 | 0.0 | |
| Net Income | 3,558 | 2.8 | 3,732 | 3.4 | 6,730 | 3.1 | |

3. Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity

| | Millions of Yen | | | | |
|---|------------------|-------------------------|--------|--|--|
| | First Half ended | Year ended March 31, | | | |
| | 2005 | 2004 | 2005 | | |
| Capital Surplus | | | | | |
| I. Beginning balance of capital surplus | 4,183 | 4,183 | 4,183 | | |
| II. Earnings from disposal of Treasury stock | 1 | 0 | 0 | | |
| III. Ending balance of capital surplus | 4,185 | 4,183 | 4,183 | | |
| Earned Surplus | | | | | |
| I. Beginning balance of capital surplus | 53,585 | 48,185 | 48,185 | | |
| II. Increase in earned surplus | 3,894 | 3,732 | 6,802 | | |
| Net Income for the first half | 3,558 | 3,732 | 6,730 | | |
| Increase associated with change in scope of consolidation | _ | _ | 72 | | |
| Deference associated with change in portion | 336 | _ | _ | | |
| III. Decrease in earned surplus | 1,470 | 1,403 | 1,403 | | |
| Cash dividends paid | 1,373 | 874 | 874 | | |
| Directors' bonuses | 44 | 38 | 38 | | |
| Decrease associated with change in scope of consolidation | 52 | 490 | 490 | | |
| IV. Ending balance of earned surplus | 56,009 | 50,514 | 53,585 | | |

4. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

| | | Millions of Yen | | |
|-----|---|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| | | First Half ende | ed March 31, | Year ended March 31, |
| | | 2005 | 2004 | 2005 |
| I. | Cash flows from operating activities: | | | |
| | Income before income taxes and minority interests | 6,753 | 6,878 | 12,769 |
| | Depreciation | 1,386 | 1,271 | 2,735 |
| | Impairment losses | 1,632 | _ | _ |
| | Amortization of consolidation adjustment account | 251 | 282 | 502 |
| | Provision for allowance of doubtful accounts | (301) | (91) | (232) |
| | Accrued severance indemnities, net | 506 | 23 | 149 |
| | Interest and dividend income | (69) | (60) | (131) |
| | Interest expenses | 43 | 46 | 86 |
| | Equity in earnings of affiliates | (191) | (140) | (391) |
| | Losses on disposal of inventory evaluation | 1,157 | 1,291 | 2,709 |
| | Loss on liquidation of affiliated companies | _ | _ | 277 |
| | Gain on sale of goodwill | (1,065) | (735) | (735) |
| | Loss on sales of investment securities | 70 | 26 | 118 |
| | Gain on sale of fixed assets | _ | _ | 227 |
| | Provision for investment losses | 37 | 91 | 188 |
| | Increase (decrease) in trade notes and accounts receivable | (9,038) | (6,838) | (1,503) |
| | Increase (decrease) in inventories | (3,692) | (3,045) | (4,174) |
| | Increase (decrease) in trade notes and accounts payable | 8,490 | 4,506 | 2,044 |
| | Others | (1,508) | 98 | (599) |
| | Sub Total | 4,461 | 3,603 | 14,042 |
| | Interest and dividends received | 69 | 60 | 131 |
| | Interest paid | (43) | (46) | (86) |
| | Income taxes paid | (3,359) | (2,818) | (5,722) |
| | Net cash provided by operating activities | 1,127 | 798 | 8,364 |
| II. | Cash flows from investing activities: | | | |
| | Purchases of property, plant and equipment | (635) | (947) | (2,256) |
| | Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment | 300 | 0 | 25 |
| | Payments for purchases of intangible assets | (489) | (681) | (2,322) |
| | Payments for investments in securities | (5,267) | (60) | (177) |
| | Payments for investments and other assets | (117) | _ | (400) |
| | Proceeds from sales of investment securities | 107 | _ | 174 |
| | Increase in short term loans receivable | 74 | (147) | 62 |
| | Disbursement for long term loans payable | (22) | _ | (9) |
| | Proceeds from collection of long term loans | 29 | _ | 22 |
| | Proceed from acquisition of shares of newly consolidated subsidiaries | 47 | _ | _ |
| | Proceeds from sale of goodwill | 1,065 | 735 | 735 |
| | Others | 24 | (563) | 208 |
| | Net cash used in investing activities | (4,882) | (1,664) | (3,936) |

| | | Millions of Yen | | |
|-------|---|----------------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| | | First Half ended March 31, | | Year ended March 31, |
| | | 2005 | 2004 | 2005 |
| III. | Cash flows from financing activities: | | | |
| | Increase (decrease) in short-term loans, net | 1,885 | 392 | (1,336) |
| | Proceeds from long-term debt | (46) | (1,096) | (1,143) |
| | Proceeds from shareholders of minority interests | 2,650 | _ | _ |
| | Payments for purchase of treasury stock | (10) | (11) | (16) |
| | Dividends paid | (1,373) | (874) | (874) |
| | Others | 234 | _ | 2 |
| | Net cash used in financing activities | 3,339 | (1,590) | (3,369) |
| IV | Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 25 | 15 | (41) |
| ٧. | Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | (389) | (2,440) | 1,099 |
| VI. | Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 19,035 | 17,663 | 17,663 |
| VII. | Beginning of period adjustment associated with change in scope of consolidation | _ | 164 | 272 |
| VIII. | Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | 18,645 | 15,386 | 19,035 |

VI. Important Items Forming the Basis for Preparation of Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Principles of consolidation

(1) Number of subsidiaries: 26 companies Names of major consolidated subsidiaries

Kobashou Co., Ltd., Toyama Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co., Lts., Sendai Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Ehime Kobayashi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Kobayashi Plax Co., Ltd., Aoitori Physical Distribution, Suehiro Industrial, Archer Corporation, SP-Planning, Kiribai Chemical Co., Ltd., Kenshou Co., Ltd., KS Hokkaido, KS Tokai, Seiei, Shield California Centers, Inc., Shield Denver Centers, Inc., Mail Order Medical Supplies Incorporated, Bluebird Development LLC., Kobayashi Healthcare Inc., Kobayashi Pharmaceuticals of America Incorporated, Shanghai Kobayashi Daily Chemicals Co., Ltd., Kobayashi Pharmaceutical (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.

(2) Names of major non-consolidated subsidiaries

Kobayashi Sales Promotion, Uomasa, Pt Kobayashi Eglin, KMS, Sokai Drug Ltd., Cancer Immunity Information Research Center.

Reason for exclusion from scope of consolidation

All of the six non-consolidated subsidiaries are small companies, and their combined total assets, sales, net income (amount corresponding to equity holding) and retained earnings (amount corresponding to equity holding) all have no important impact on consolidated financial statements.

2. Application of equity method

(1) Number of companies accounted for by equity method: 2 companies Names of Major companies

Medicon Inc. Itoh Kanpo Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.

(2) Names of non-consolidated subsidiaries and major affiliated companies not accounted for by the equity method

Pt Kobayashi Eglin, the FAN, Sokai Drug Ltd.

(3) Reason why the equity method is not applied

Companies not accounted for by the equity method have been excluded from the application of the equity method because they have minimal impact on consolidated net earnings and consolidated retained earnings, and have little importance in terms of overall group earnings.

(4) Among the companies accounted for by the equity method, when the first-half account settlement date differs from the consolidated first-half account settlement date, first-half financial statements relating to each company's first-half accounting period were used.

3. Fiscal years of consolidated subsidiaries

Among the consolidated companies, Shield California Health Centers, Inc., Shield Denver Health Centers, Inc., Mail Order Medical Supplies Incorporated, Bluebird Development LLC., Kobayashi Healthcare Inc., Kobayashi healthcare Europe, Ltd., Kobayashi Pharmaceuticals of America Incorporated, Shanghai Kobayashi Daily Chemicals Co., Ltd., Kobayashi Pharmaceutical (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. have a first-half account settlement date of June 30. When preparing first-half consolidated financial statements, first-half financial statement as of that date were used, and in the case of important transactions that occurred between that date and the first-half consolidated account settlement date, necessary adjustments were made on a consolidated basis.

In addition, as the account settlement date of the consolidated subsidiary Kiribai Chemical Co., Ltd. is September 30, we used first-half financial statements based on a provisional settlement of accounts that was conducted as of the first-half consolidated account settlement date.

4. Accounting standards

(1) Valuation criteria and valuation methods for major assets

1) Inventories

Commodities and raw materials ···Stated principally at cost determined by the moving average method Finished goods, work in process and supplies ···Principally stated at cost determined by the total average method

2) Marketable securities

Other marketable securities

With fair market value ··· Market value method based on quoted market price on first-half consolidated account settlement date

(Unrealized holding gain or loss is directly charged or credited to shareholders' equity and cost of securities sold is principally computed by the moving average method.)

Without fair market value · · · Principally stated at cost determined by the total cost method

Derivatives · · · Market value method

(2) Methods of depreciation for major depreciable assets

1) Property, plant and equipment

The Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries compute depreciation by the declining balance method. Overseas consolidated subsidiaries use the straight-line method. However, the Company and some domestic consolidated subsidiaries apply the straight-line method to buildings acquired after April 1, 1998 (excluding equipment belonging to buildings).

2) Intangible assets

Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method.

However, in the case of software used by the Company itself, the straight-line method based on the period of possible use within the Company (5 years) is adopted.

(3) Criteria for appropriation of important reserves

1) Allowance for doubtful accounts

The Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries provide for doubtful accounts principally at an amount computed based on the historical bad debt ratio. In addition, an estimate of uncollectible amounts from certain specific doubtful receivables is provided.

Overseas consolidated subsidiaries post an estimate of uncollectible amounts in accordance with the actual state of loans.

2) Allowance for bonuses

The Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries post an estimated allowance to provide for the payment of bonuses to employees.

3) Reserve for sales returns

The Company and seven domestic consolidated subsidiaries post an estimated amount of sales return losses to provide for sales return losses.

4) Reserve for retirement allowances

To provide for employees' accrued retirement benefits, the Company and two of its domestic consolidated subsidiaries charged to income the amount recognized as having been incurred at the end of the first-half consolidated accounting period based on the projected amounts of the liability for accrued retirement benefit liabilities and pension assets at the end of the consolidated accounting fiscal year. Other domestic consolidated subsidiaries posted 100% of the payment amount required at term-end. In addition, some overseas consolidated subsidiaries have adopted defined contribution pension plans. Actuarial differences are amortized on a straight-line basis over a period which falls within the average estimated remaining years of service (ten years) of the participants commencing the year following.

5)Provision for directors' retirement allowances

To provide for the provision of retirement allowances for directors, the Company and four domestic consolidated subsidiaries posted a payment amount required at the end of the consolidated first-half term based on internal regulations.

(4) Method of accounting for major lease transactions

Finance leases, except for those which transfer the legal title of the underlying property from the lessor to the lessee at the end of the lease term, are accounted for as operating leases.

(5) Derivatives and hedging activities

1) Hedge accounting methods

The Company uses deferral hedge accounting. In the case of forward foreign exchange contracts, if conditions for appropriation are fulfilled, appropriation treatment is adopted, and in the case of interest-rate swaps, if special accounting treatment conditions are met, special accounting treatment is adopted.

2) Hedging measures and hedged items

Hedging instruments

Forward foreign exchange contracts, interest-rate swaps

Hedged items

Foreign currency-denominated liabilities and foreign currency-denominated options, loans

3) Hedging policy

In the case of foreign currency option contracts, the Company's policy is to hedge the foreign exchange fluctuation risk by attaching forward foreign exchange agreements.

In the case of interest-rate swaps, the Company's policy is to hedge within the range of the applicable liability in order to reduce the interest rate risk.

4) Method of evaluating effectiveness of hedging

In the case of currency-related transactions, the Company evaluates the effectiveness of hedging by comparing the accumulated gain or loss on each hedging instrument and on the related hedged item from the commencement of the hedge.

The Company does not evaluate the effectiveness of hedging interest-rate swaps.

(6) Other important items forming the basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements

Method of accounting for consumption tax, etc.

The Company adopts the tax exclusion method.

5. Amortization of consolidation adjustment accounts

The consolidation adjustment accounts are amortized over ten years in the case of Kiribai Chemical Co., Ltd.

6. Scope of funds in consolidated cash flow statements

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statements of cash flows are composed of cash on hand, bank deposits available for withdrawal on demand and highly liquid, short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less that can be readily converted into cash and which represent a minor risk of fluctuations in value.

VII. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Related to consolidated balance sheet)

| | (Related to consolidated balance sheet) | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| End of current consolidated first half accounting period (As of September 30, 2005) | End of previous consolidated first half accounting period (As of September 30, 2004) | Previous Financial year (As of March 31, 2005) | | | | | | |
| 1 Accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment amounts to 18,479 million yen. | 1 Accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment amounts to 18,501 million yen. | 1Accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment amounts to 18,876 million yen | | | | | | |
| 2 The following assets have been provided as security | 2 The following assets have been provided as security | 2 The following assets have been provided as security | | | | | | |
| Bill receivable 109 million yen | Bill receivable 164 million yen | Bill receivable 137 million yen | | | | | | |
| Buildings & structures 992 million yen | Buildings & structures 1,110 million yen Land 2,122 million yen | Buildings & structures 1,079 million yen | | | | | | |
| Land 2,122 million yen Investment | Investment securities 110 million yen Total 3,508 million yen | Land 2,122 Million yen Investment securities 124 million yen | | | | | | |
| securities114 million yenTotal3,368 million yen | Total 0,000 millon yen | Total 3,464 million yen | | | | | | |
| (Liabilities corresponding to the above) | (Liabilities corresponding to the above) | (Liabilities corresponding to the above) | | | | | | |
| Trade notes and 7,533 million accounts payable yen | Trade notes and 7,864 million accounts payable yen | Trade notes and 8,312 Million accounts payable yen | | | | | | |
| Short-term loans 60 million yen | Short-term loans 200 million yen | Short-term loans 180 million yen | | | | | | |
| Long-term loans 28 million yen | Long-term loans 35 million yen | Long-term loans 32 million yen | | | | | | |
| Total 7,621 million yen | Total 8,100 million yen | Total 8,524 million yen | | | | | | |
| 3. Commitment line Contracts In order to provide access to a stable and effective source of operating capital, the company has entered into commitment-line contracts with fifteen trading banks. The balance of un-realized debt based on these contracts at the end of the current first half consolidated reporting period is as shown below. | 3. Commitment line Contracts In order to provide access to a stable and effective source of operating capital, the company has entered into commitment-line contracts with fifteen trading banks. The balance of un- realized debt based on these contracts at the end of the current first half consolidated reporting period is as shown below. | 3. Commitment line Contracts In order to provide access to a stable and effective source of operating capital, the company has entered into commitment-line contracts with fifteen trading banks. The balance of un- realized debt based on these contracts at the end of the current first half consolidated reporting period is as shown below. | | | | | | |
| Total debt commitment Realized debt belance 450 million yen | Total debt commitment 33,300 million yen Realized debt belenge 1,200 million yen | Realized debt 450 million ven | | | | | | |
| balance 31,662 million yen | balance 1,200 million yen Balance 32,100 million yen | balance 32,653 million yen | | | | | | |

(Related to consolidated statement of Income)

| (Nelated to Consolidated Statement of Income) | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|--|---|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| Consolidated first half (April 1, 2005 to 2005 | September 30, | Consolidated first ha (April 1, 2004 to Se | | Previous financial year (April 1 2004 to March 31, 2005) | | | |
| 1 The major compo | | | ponents of selling, | 1 The major components of selling, | | | |
| | strative expenses | | inistrative expenses | general & administrative expenses | | | |
| were as follows. | | were as follows | S. | were as follows. | | | |
| Freight & storag | ge 4,920 million | Freight & | 4,027 million | Freight & storage | 8,059 million | | |
| | yen | storage | yen | | yen | | |
| Advertising | 5,929 million yen | Advertising | 6,086 million yen | Advertising | 11,494 million yen | | |
| Salaries & | 6,351 million | Salaries & | 5,826 million | Salaries & | 11,571 million | | |
| bonuses | ven | bonuses | ven | bonuses | ven | | |
| Allowance for | 461 million | Allowance fo | | Allowance for | 780 million | | |
| retirement | yen | retirement | yen | retirement | yen | | |
| 2 Within extraordinary the sale of fixed a the following. Land Other Total | | 2 Within extraordin: the sale of fixe the following. Other Total | ary gains, gains on d assets comprise 0 million yen 0 million yen | Within extraordinar on the sale of fixed comprise the follow Land Other Total | assets | | |
| 3 Within extraordinary losses, losses on the disposal of fixed assets comprise the following. Buildings & 16 million yen structures Machinery & 35 million yen equipment Tools and 14 million yen fixtures Other 3 million yen Total 70 million yen | | | linary losses, losses I of fixed assets bllowing. 15 million yen 2 million yen 7 million yen 1 million yen 26 million yen | 3 Within extraordinary losses, losses on the disposal of fixed assets comprise the following. Buildings & 18 million yen structures Machinery & 62 million yen equipment Land 2 million yen Other 35 million yen Total 118 million yen | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

(Related to semiannually consolidated cash flow statement)

| Consolidated first half acco (April 1, 2005 to Septemb | ٠. | Consolidated first half acc (April 1, 2004 to Septem | • . | Previous financial year (April 1 2004 to March 31, 2005) | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| A reconciliation of cash are deposits in the consolidated balance sheets to the balan and cash equivalents in the of cash flows at the end of the as follows: | d interim nce of cash e statements | 1 A reconciliation of cash deposits in the consolidat balance sheets to the bala and cash equivalents in the cash flows at the end of the follows: | ed interim ance of cash ne statements of | 1 A reconciliation of cash and time deposits in the consolidated interim balance sheets to the balance of cash and cash equivalents in the statements of cash flows at the end of the first half is as follows: | | |
| (As of September 30, 2005) | | (As of September 30, 2004) | | (As of March 31, 2005) | | |
| Time deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months | 18,645 million yen — million yen 18,645 million yen | Cash & time deposits Time deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months Cash & cash equivalents | 15,386 million yen - million yen 15,386 million yen | Cash & time deposits Time deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months Cash & cash equivalents | 19,035 million yen —million yen 19,035 million yen | |

VIII. Segment Information

1. Segment Information by Business Category

| Current Consolidated Fir | st Half (Apri | il 1, 2005 – Se | eptember 30, | , 2005) | | (1) | Millions of Yen) |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------|--------------|------------------|
| | Consumer Products Operation | Wholesale Operation | Medical Operation | Other Operations | Total | Eliminations | Consolidated |
| Sales and operating income | | | | | | | |
| I. Sales to third parties | 32,431 | 82,485 | 8,052 | 2,108 | 125,076 | _ | 125,076 |
| II. Inter-group sales and transfers | 13,432 | _ | _ | 4,550 | 17,982 | (17,982) | _ |
| Total net sales | 45,863 | 82,485 | 8,052 | 6,658 | 143,059 | (17,982) | 125,076 |
| III. Operating expense | 37,765 | 82,278 | 7,983 | 6,381 | 134,409 | (17,997) | 116,411 |
| IV. Operating income (loss) | 8,097 | 207 | 68 | 276 | 8,650 | 14 | 8,664 |
| Previous Consolidated F | irst Half (Ap | oril 1. 2004 – S | September 3 | 0. 2004) | | (1) | Millions of Yen) |
| | Consumer Products Operation | Wholesale Operation | Medical Operation | Other Operations | Total | · | Consolidated |
| Sales and operating income | | | | | | | |
| I. Sales to third parties | 32,701 | 67,383 | 7,932 | 1,890 | 109,907 | _ | 109,907 |
| II. Inter-group sales and transfers | 11,132 | _ | _ | 4,276 | 15,408 | (15,408) | _ |
| Total net sales | 43,833 | 67,383 | 7,932 | 6,166 | 125,316 | (15,408) | 109,907 |
| III. Operating expense | 36,789 | 67,062 | 7,681 | 6,071 | 117,604 | (15,521) | 102,083 |
| IV. Operating income (loss) | 7,043 | 321 | 251 | 95 | 7,711 | 112 | 7,824 |
| Previous Consolidated F | iscal Year (| April 1. 2004 | – March 31. | 2005) | | (Milli | ions of Yen) |
| | Consumer Products Operation | Wholesale Operation | Medical Operation | Other Operations | Total | , | Consolidated |
| 1. Sales and operating income | | | | | | | |
| I. Sales to third parties | 67,524 | 128,356 | 16,056 | 3,770 | 215,708 | _ | 215,708 |
| II. Inter-group sales and transfers | 21,748 | _ | _ | 8,434 | 30,182 | (30,182) | _ |
| Total net sales | 89,273 | 128,356 | 16,056 | 12,205 | 245,891 | (30,182) | 215,708 |
| III. Operating expense | 74,780 | 127,556 | 15,866 | 12,064 | 230,269 | (30,259) | 200,009 |
| IV. Operating income (loss) | 14,492 | 799 | 189 | 140 | 15,621 | 76 | 15,698 |

Notes:

- Method of business classification:
 - Businesses segments are classified into four principle areas: Consumer Products, Wholesale, Medical and Others following the product line, and the markets in which the products are distributed.
- 2. Main products of each business operation:
 - Consumer Products Operations --- household pharmaceuticals, oral hygiene products, deodorizing air fresheners, household sundries.
 - Wholesale Operation --- household pharmaceuticals, household sundries and foods
 - Medical Devices Operation --- medical devices, medical facilities
 - Other Operation --- transport, synthetic resin products manufacturing, printing, advertising, planning and creation

2. Segment Information by Area

Because the amount of domestic sales is than 90% of the total amount of all sales of segments and the total amount of all assets of segments, such information is omitted.

3. Overseas Sales

In this term, overseas sales are omitted from this report because this item accounted for less than 10% of consolidated sales.